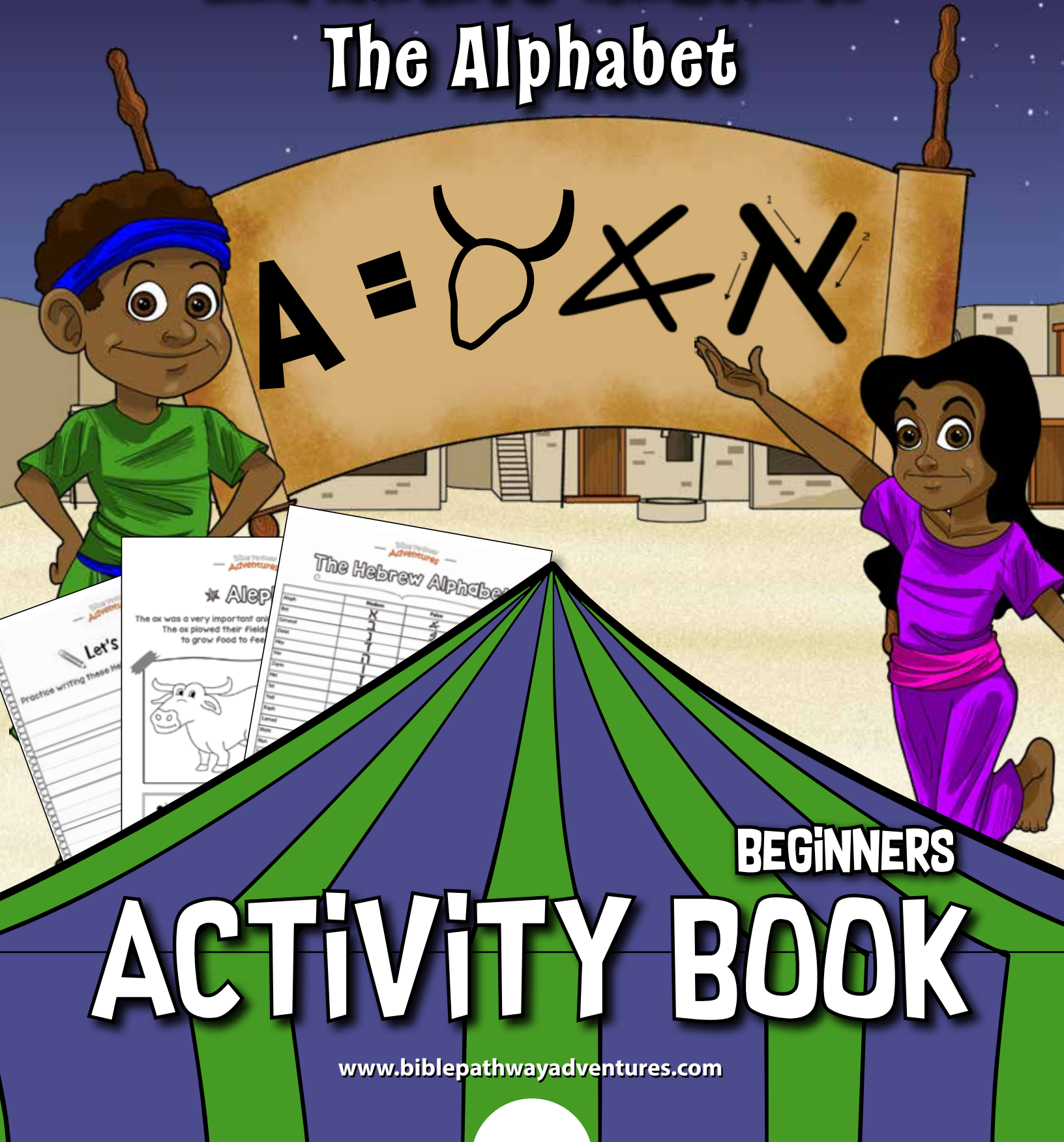


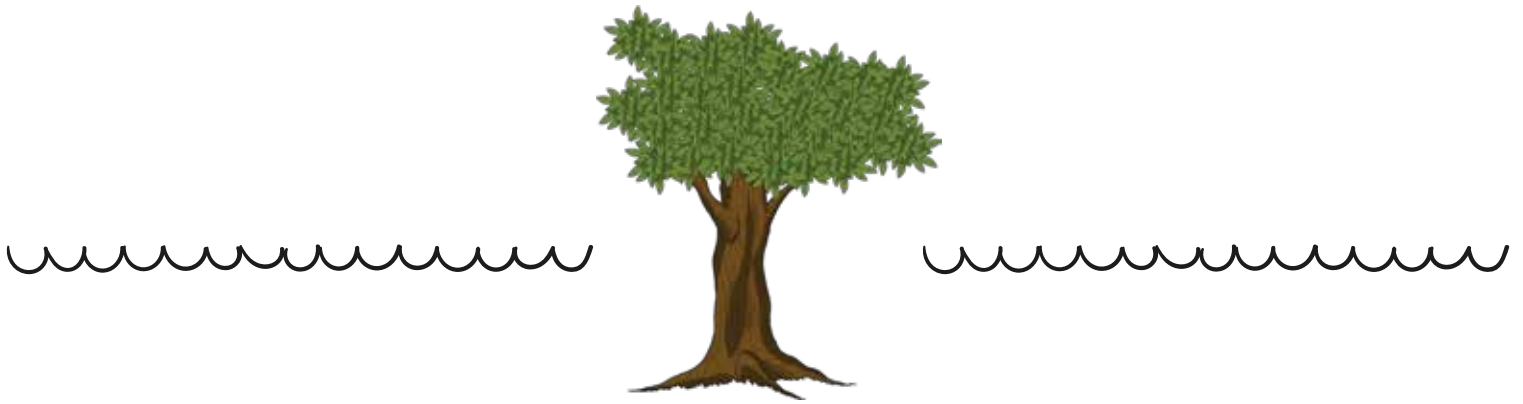
LEARNING HEBREW

The Alphabet



BEGINNERS

ACTIVITY BOOK



Learning Hebrew: The Alphabet Activity Book for Beginners

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www.biblepathwayadventures.com

www.herroyalroots.com





Introduction for Parents



Have fun teaching your children the Hebrew alphabet with our Learning Hebrew series: The Alphabet. With the help of Huldah Daud from Her Royal Roots ministry, we've created an activity book to help you teach your children the basics of the Hebrew alphabet, while giving them an insight into the day-to-day life of the Hebrew people.

To show you how each letter was understood by the Hebrews, we've included 22 coloring activities and short explanations. And that's not all! Inside you'll find plenty of opportunities for your children to practice writing what they've learned. Children exposed to Hebrew, especially those growing in their knowledge of Torah, will gain increased Biblical understanding and a deeper love for the people of the Bible.

Bible Pathway Adventures helps educators and parents teach children a Biblical Faith in a fun creative way. We do this via our illustrated storybooks, teacher packs, activity books, and printable activities – available for download on our website www.biblepathwayadventures.com

Thanks for buying this Activity Book and supporting our ministry. Every book purchased helps us continue our work providing free discipleship resources and Classroom Packs to families and missions everywhere.

The search for Truth is more fun than Tradition!



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Torah time-travelers

Learning the Hebrew alphabet is fun with Her Royal Roots and Bible Pathway Adventures! Inside this book you'll find three forms of Hebrew; Pictograph, Paleo, and Modern, to help your tiny Torah keepers experience the Hebrew language as it developed over time. And because each word is a picture, we've added hands-on coloring activities to help them remember what they've learned.

Pictograph Hebrew: This form of Hebrew is used to understand the picture and definition of each Hebrew letter. These pictures give a concrete understanding of what each Hebrew letter represents.

Paleo Hebrew: This is the Hebrew that most of the early writers would have used until the time of Ezra the scribe and the adoption of the Aramaic/ Babylonian script style after the Babylonian Exile.

Modern Script: Most modern books are written in modern script. Understanding this script prepares the student for the reading and study portions of their Hebrew language journey.



Did you Know?

Hebrew is read from right to left.
Hebrew has 22 letters.
Each Hebrew letter has a name and a sound.

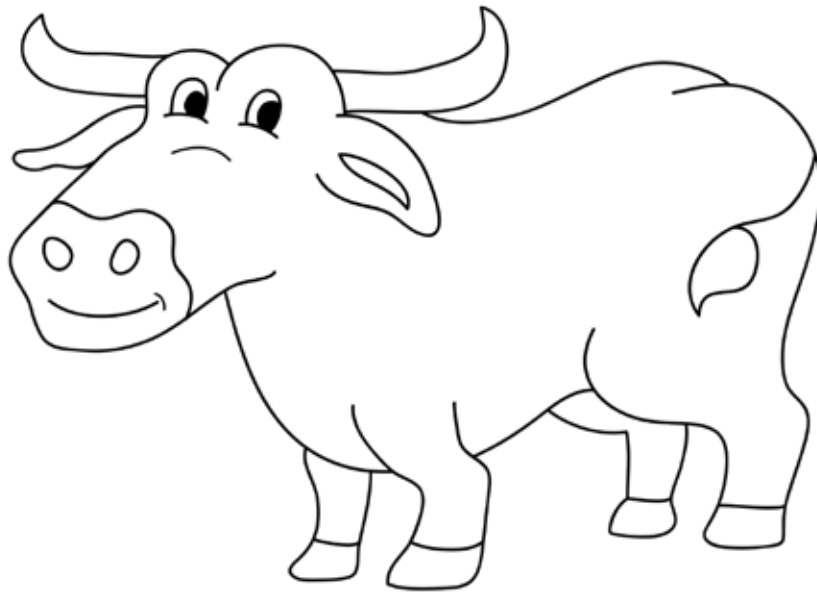


The Hebrew Alphabet

	Modern	Paleo	Pictograph
Aleph	א	𐤀	𐤀
Bet	ב	𐤁	𐤁
Gimmel	ג	𐤂	𐤂
Dalet	ד	𐤃	𐤃
Hey	ה	𐤄	𐤄
Vav	ו	𐤅	𐤅
Zayin	ז	𐤆	𐤆
Het	ח	𐤇	𐤇
Tet	ט	𐤈	𐤈
Yod	י	𐤉	𐤉
Kaph	כ	𐤊	𐤊
Lamed	ל	𐤋	𐤋
Mem	מ	𐤌	𐤌
Nun	נ	𐤍	𐤍
Samech	ס	𐤎	𐤎
Ayin	ע	𐤏	𐤏
Peh	פ	𐤐	𐤐
Tsadi	צ	𐤑	𐤑
Qoph	ק	𐤒	𐤒
Resh	ר	𐤓	𐤓
Shin	ש	𐤔	𐤔
Tav	ת	𐤕	𐤕

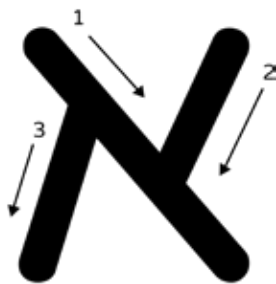
★ Aleph ★

The ox was a very important animal to the Hebrew people.
The ox plowed their fields which helped them
to grow food to feed their families.



Aleph

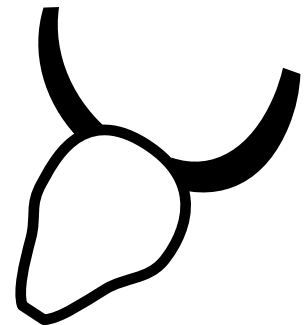
Ox
Strength
Leader



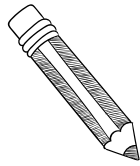
modern



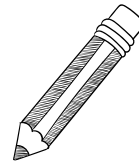
paleo



pictograph



Let's write!



Practice writing these Hebrew letters on the lines below.

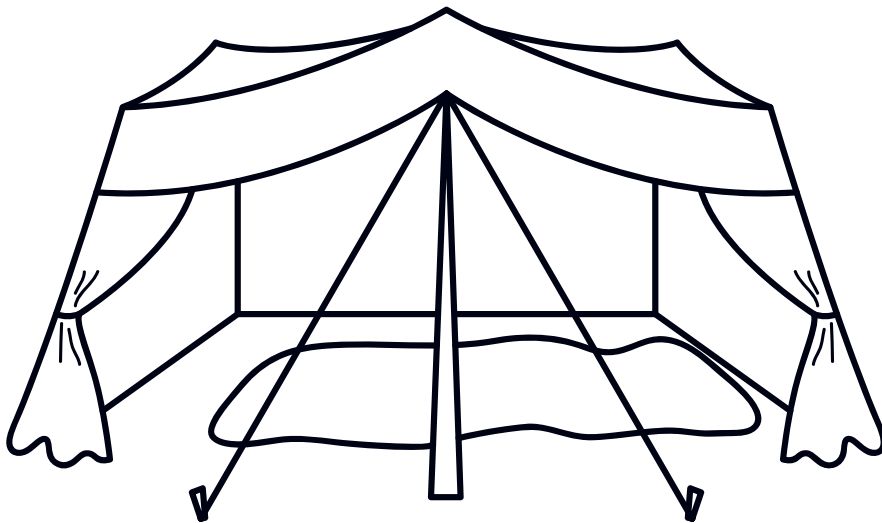
כ

ח

ס

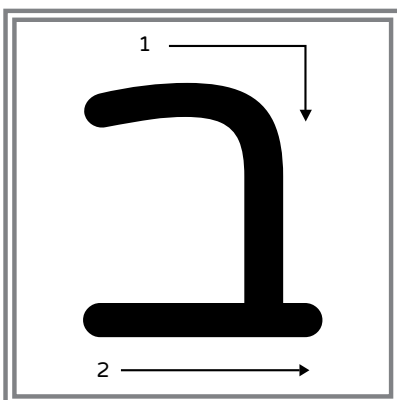
★ Bet ★

The Hebrew people lived in goat hair tents.
Their tents were divided in half – one side for the men
and another side for the women. The house was a place
of protection and kept the family safe.

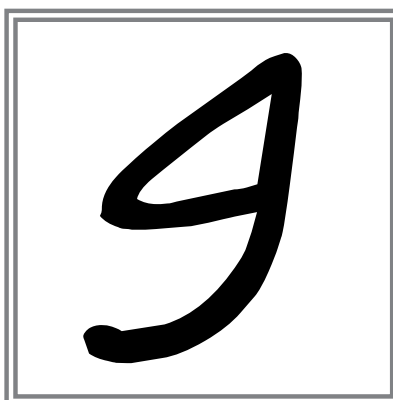


Bet

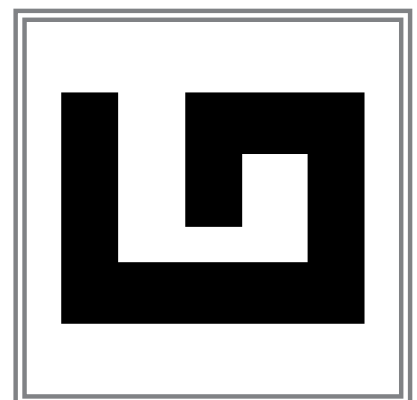
House
Tent
Inside



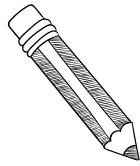
modern



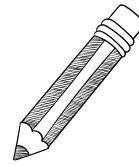
paleo



pictograph



Let's write!



Practice writing these Hebrew letters on the lines below.

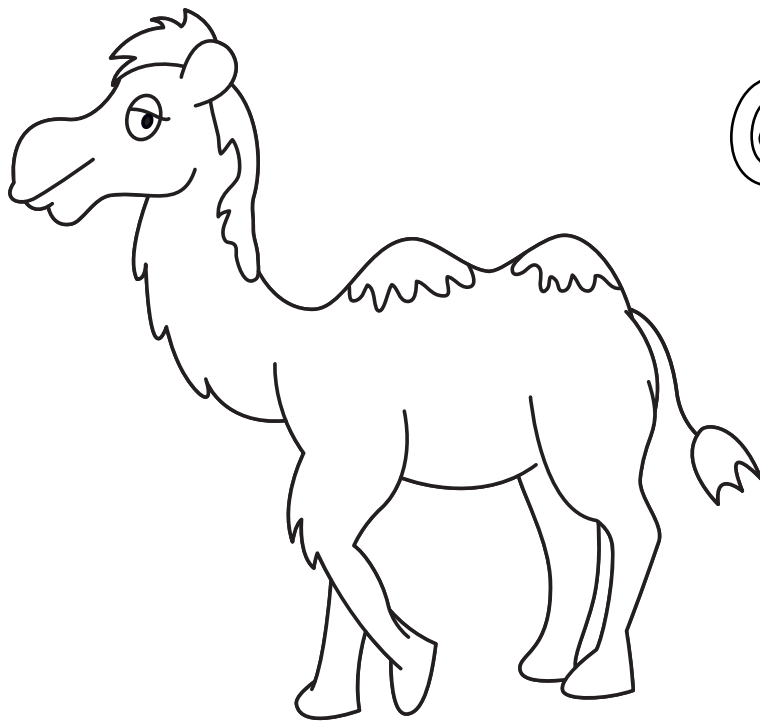
ב

ג

ד

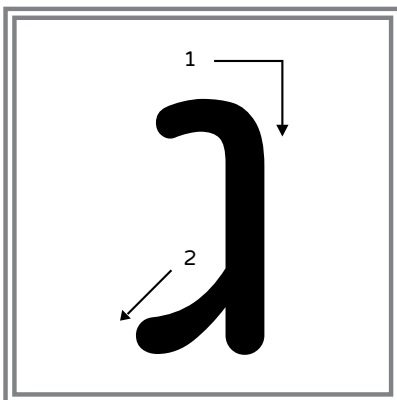
★ Gimmel ★

The letter gimmel is a picture of a foot and a camel. What do feet and camels have in common? Just like the feet carry the body, camels were used to carry the belongings of the Hebrew people.

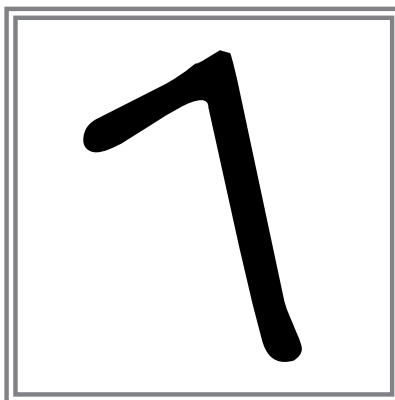


Gimmel

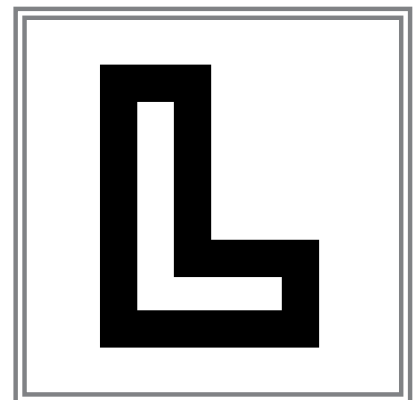
Foot
Camel
Pride



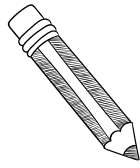
modern



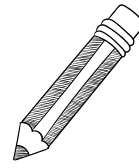
paleo



pictograph



Let's write!



Practice writing these Hebrew letters on the lines below.

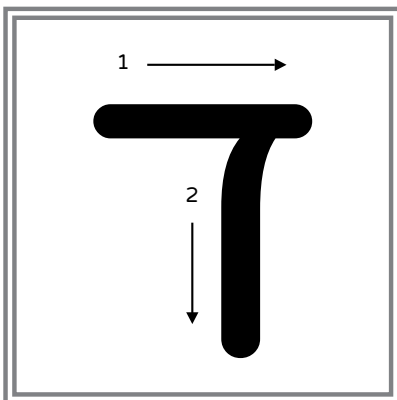
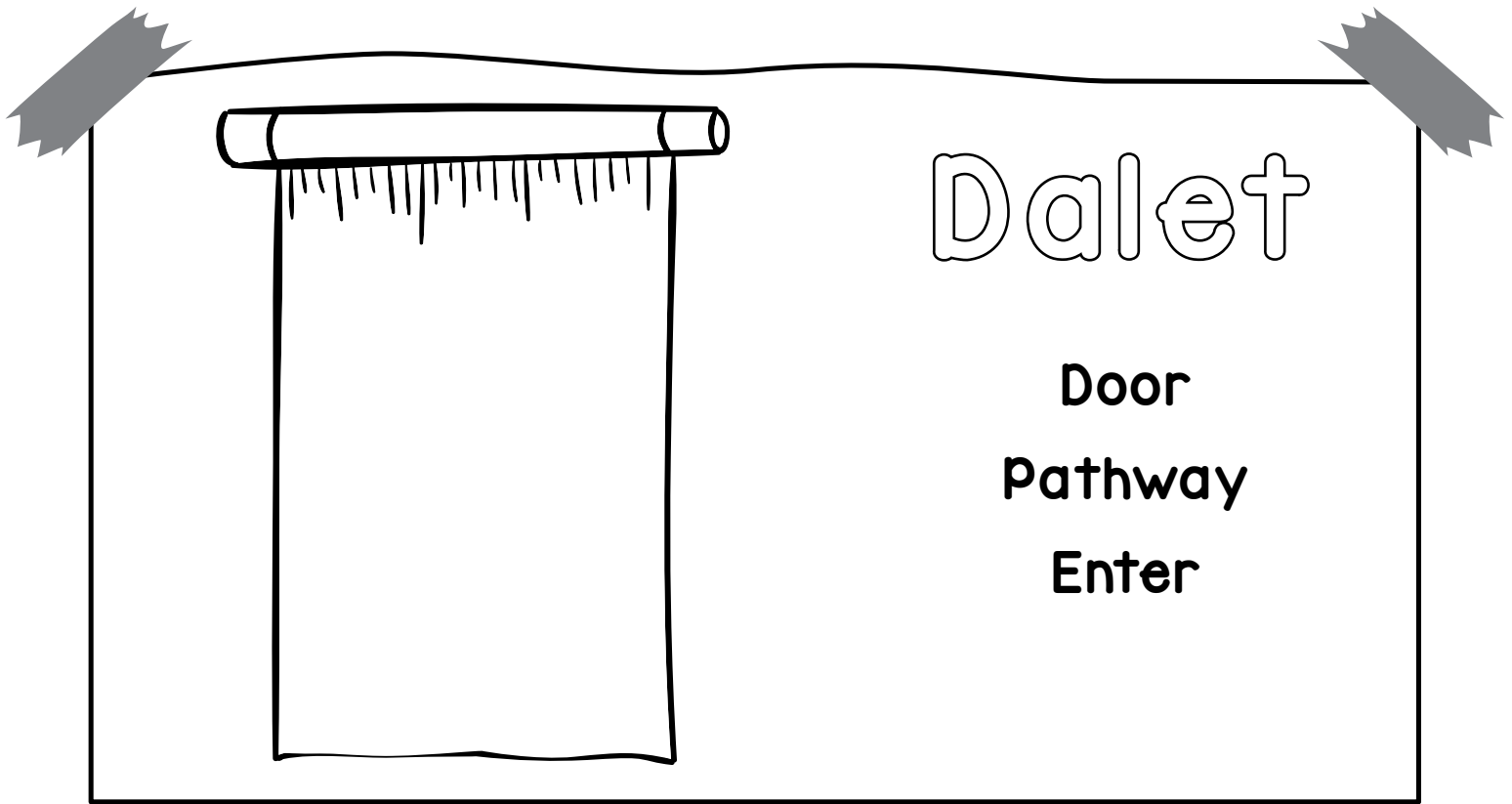
א

ב

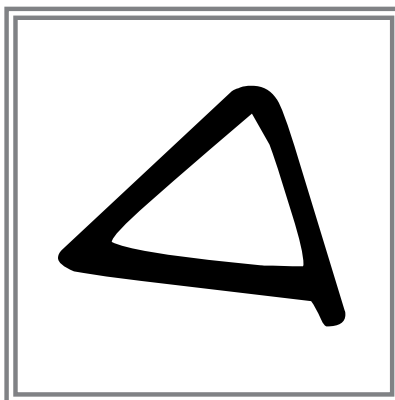
ג

★ Dalet ★

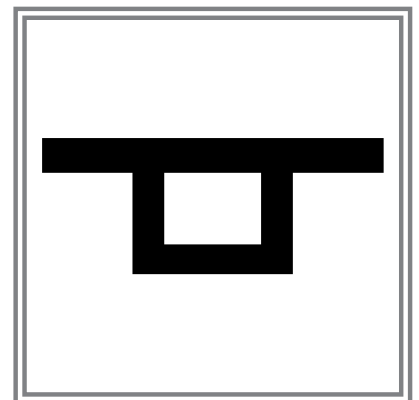
Just like our houses today, Hebrew tents had a door.
The door was made out of a curtain and hung from a horizontal pole that covered the opening to their tents.



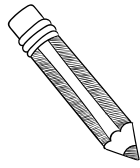
modern



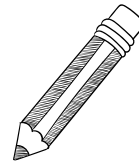
paleo



pictograph



Let's write!



Practice writing these Hebrew letters on the lines below.

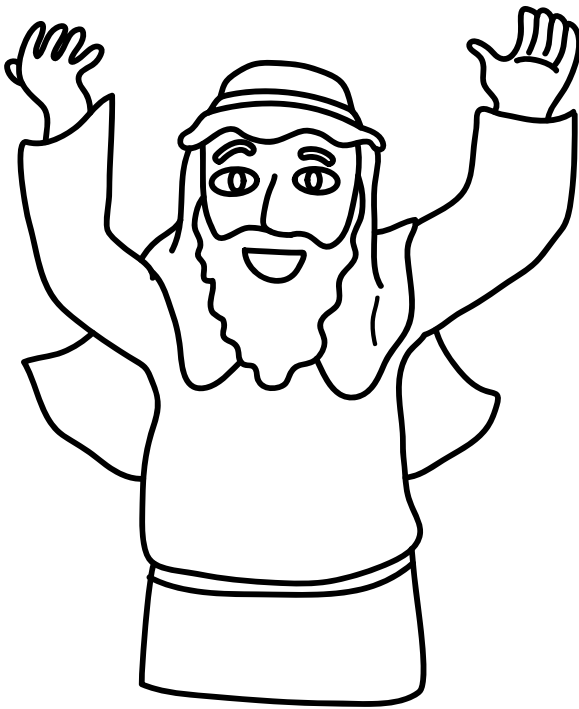
ת

א

ה

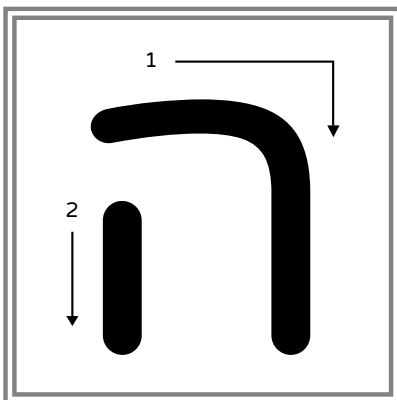
★ Hey ★

The letter Hey is a picture of a man with his hands raised.
He is looking at a great sight and waiting for direction.
The Hebrew people waited for Yah to tell them
where they should go.



Hey

Look up
Wait for Directions
The



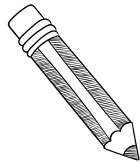
modern



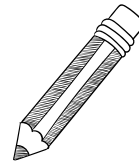
paleo



pictograph



Let's write!



Practice writing these Hebrew letters on the lines below.

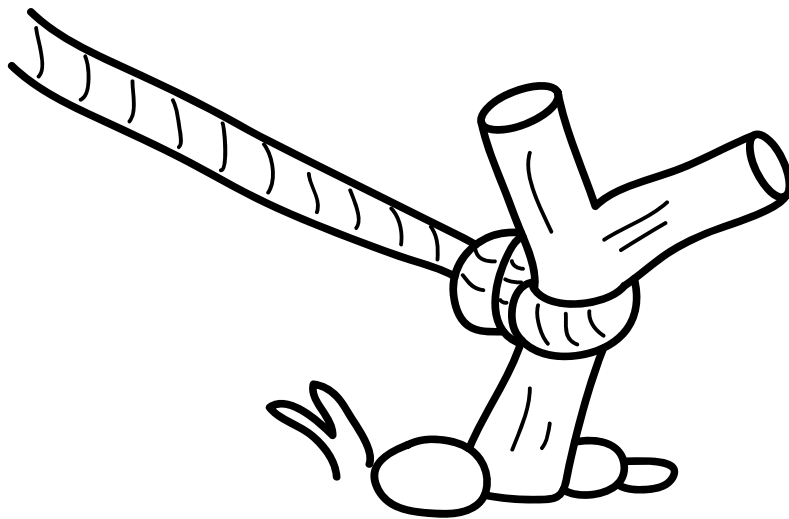
ה

ז

ו

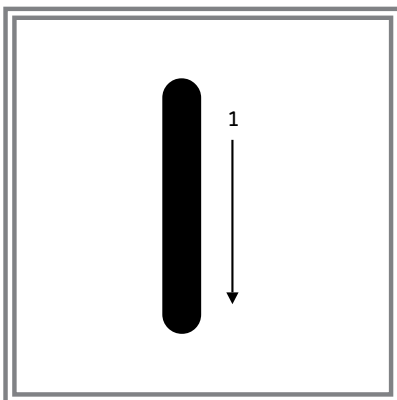
★ Vav ★

Tent pegs were used by the Hebrew people to make sure their tents would not fly away or fall over. Pegs were securely placed in the ground and held tents tight through winds and storms.



Vav

Nail
Peg
Connect



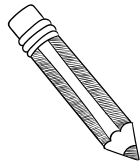
modern



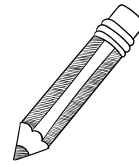
paleo



pictograph



Let's write!



Practice writing these Hebrew letters on the lines below.

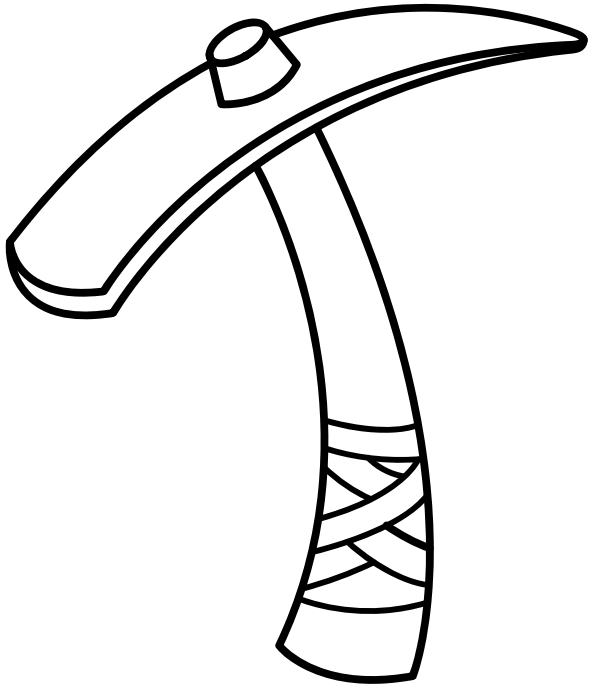
י

ך

ץ

★ Zayin ★

A mattock is a farming tool used to plow the fields and prepare the ground to grow crops. The mattock could also be used to cut plants and as a weapon to fight off enemies.

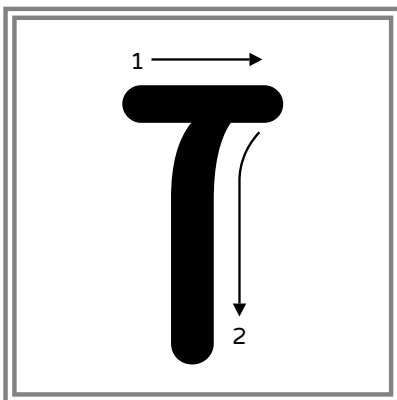


Zayin

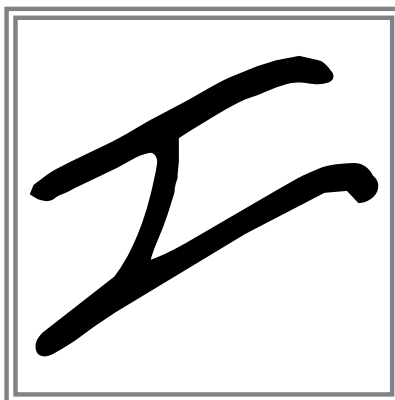
Plow

Weapon

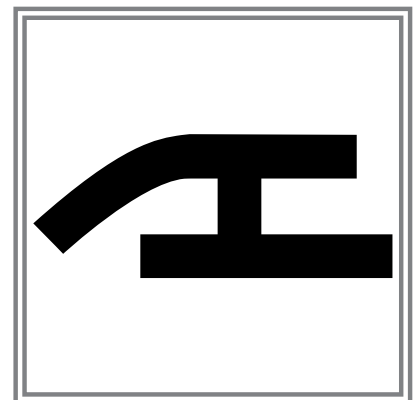
Cut off



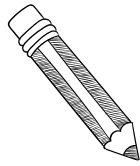
modern



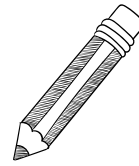
paleo



pictograph



Let's write!



Practice writing these Hebrew letters on the lines below.

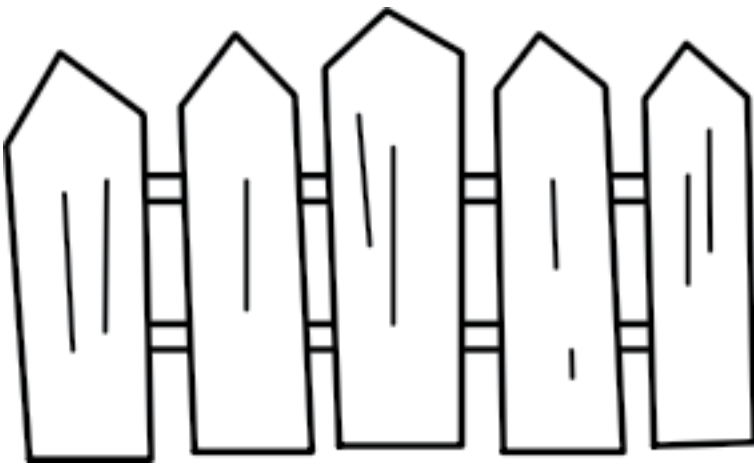
ת

י

ה

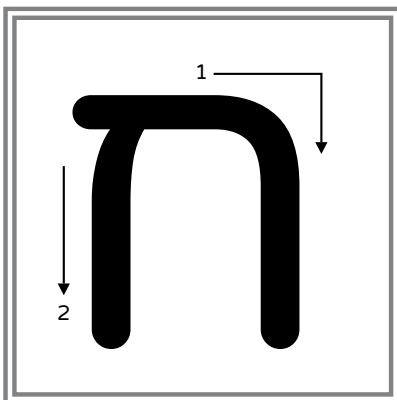
★ Het ★

The tent wall was used to divide a house on the inside for men and women. A tent wall also surrounds the house to protect what is inside the house from danger outside the house.



Het

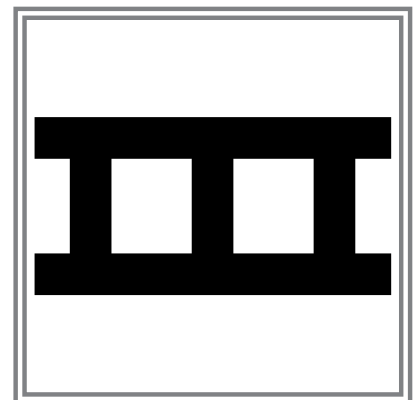
Tent wall
Fence
Separate



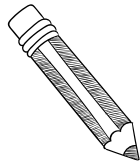
modern



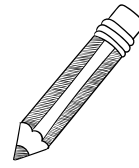
paleo



pictograph



Let's write!



Practice writing these Hebrew letters on the lines below.

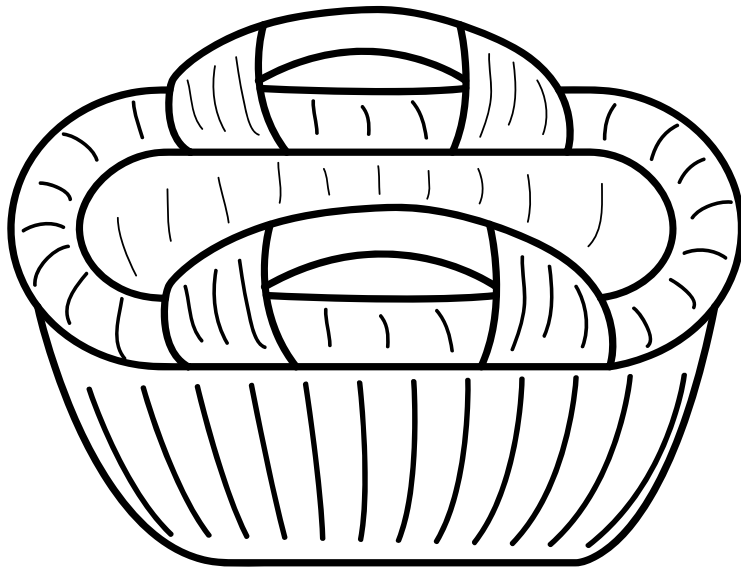
ח

א

ה

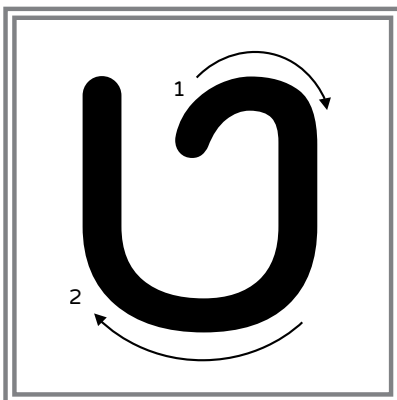
★ Tet ★

Baskets were important because the Hebrew people did not have refrigerators. Baskets were how they stored food and valuables.

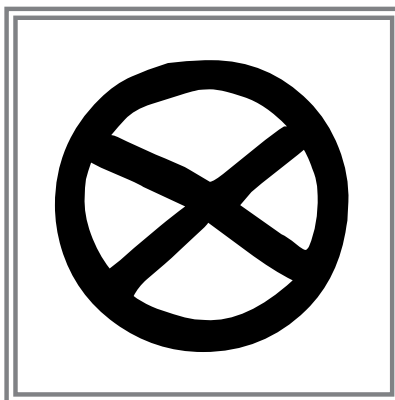


Tet

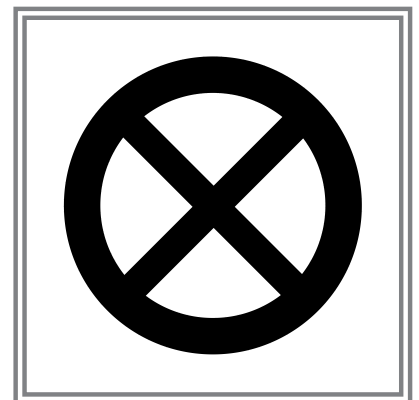
Basket
Snake
Surround



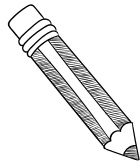
modern



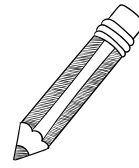
paleo



pictograph



Let's write!



Practice writing these Hebrew letters on the lines below.

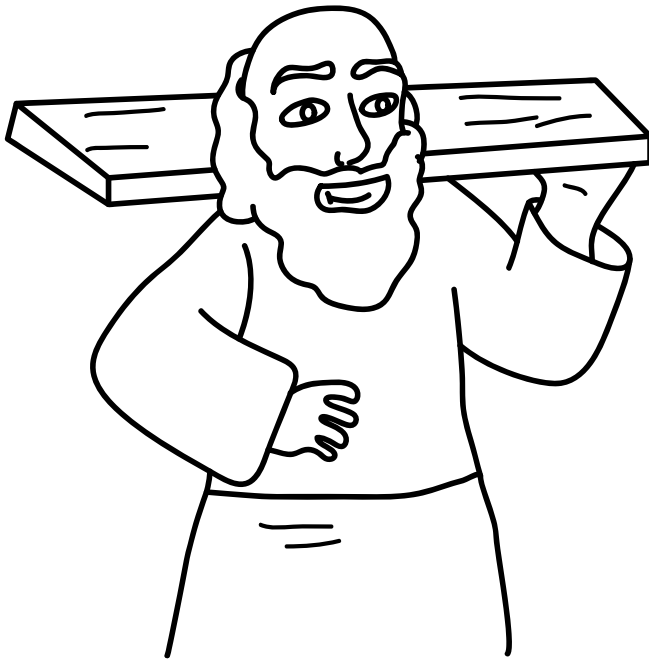
ו

ח

ח

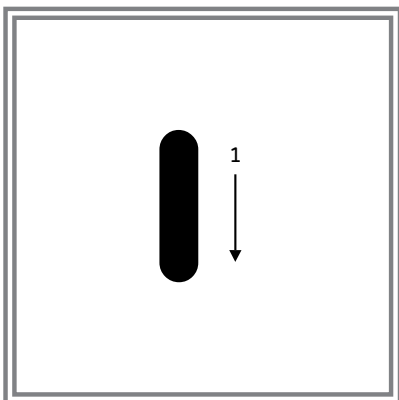
★ Yod ★

The Yod is a hand. The hand is the part of your body that does work. The hand is also the way we care for and give to one another.

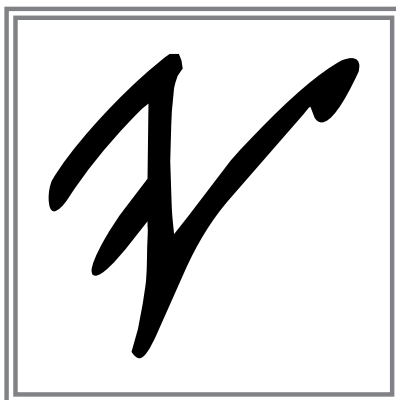


Yod

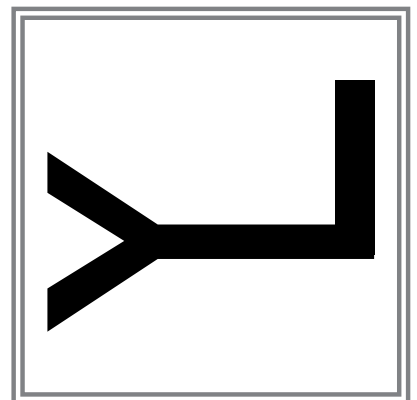
Arm
Hand
Work



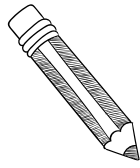
modern



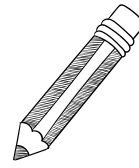
paleo



pictograph



Let's write!



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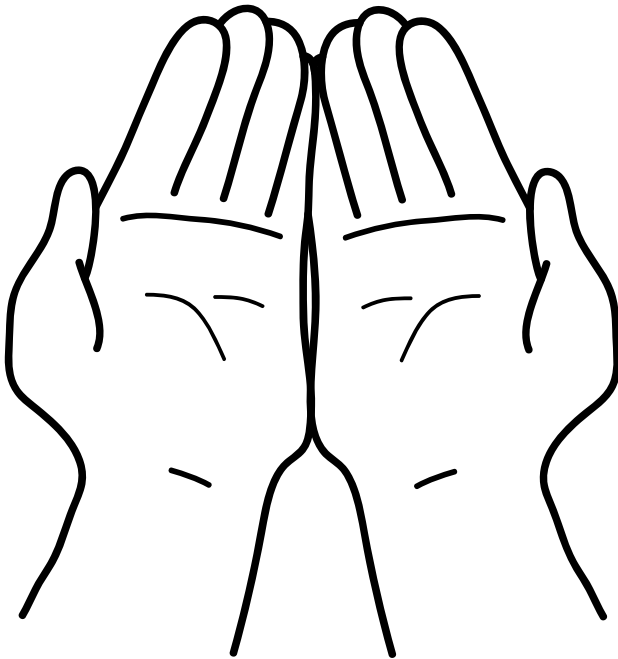
א

כ

ל

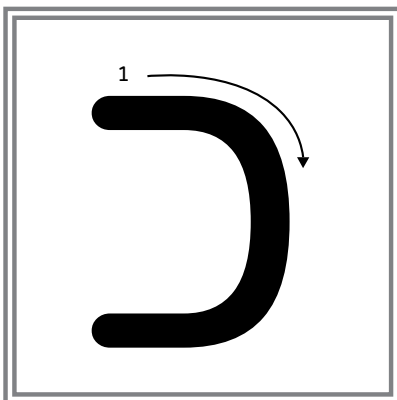
★ Kaph ★

Look at the palm of your hands. When you hold them just right, your hands are like two cups specially made by Yah to receive His blessings.

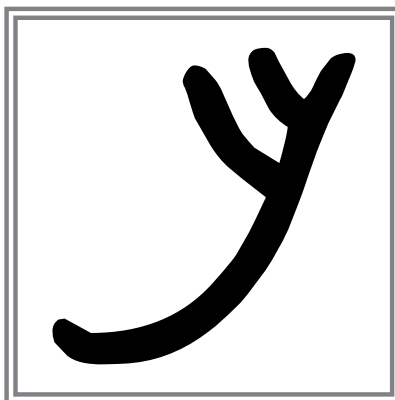


Kaph

**Palm of Hand
Open
Blessing**



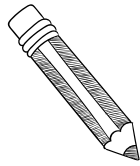
modern



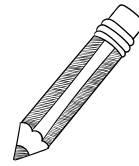
paleo



pictograph



Let's write!



Practice writing these Hebrew letters on the lines below.

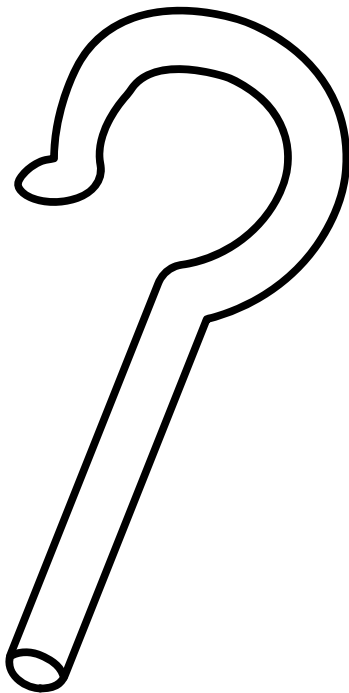
כ

ך

ש

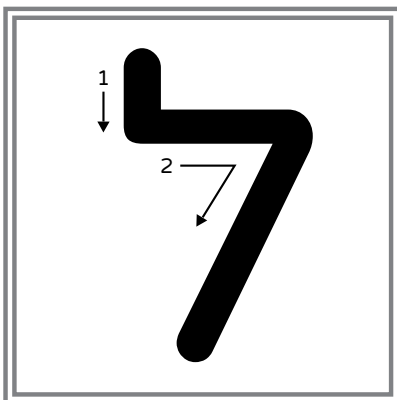
★ Lamed ★

A staff was used by shepherds to protect and direct the sheep. In Hebrew culture, the person with a shepherd's staff was the person in charge.

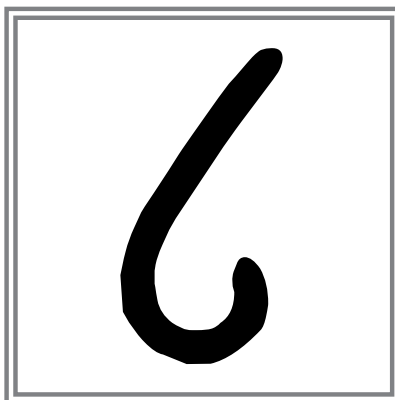


Lamed

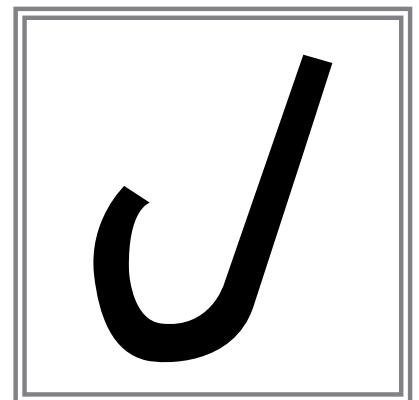
Staff
Control
Lead



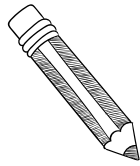
modern



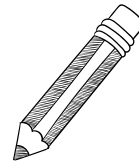
paleo



pictograph



Let's write!



Practice writing these Hebrew letters on the lines below.

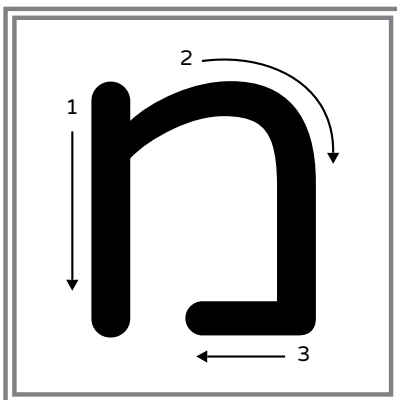
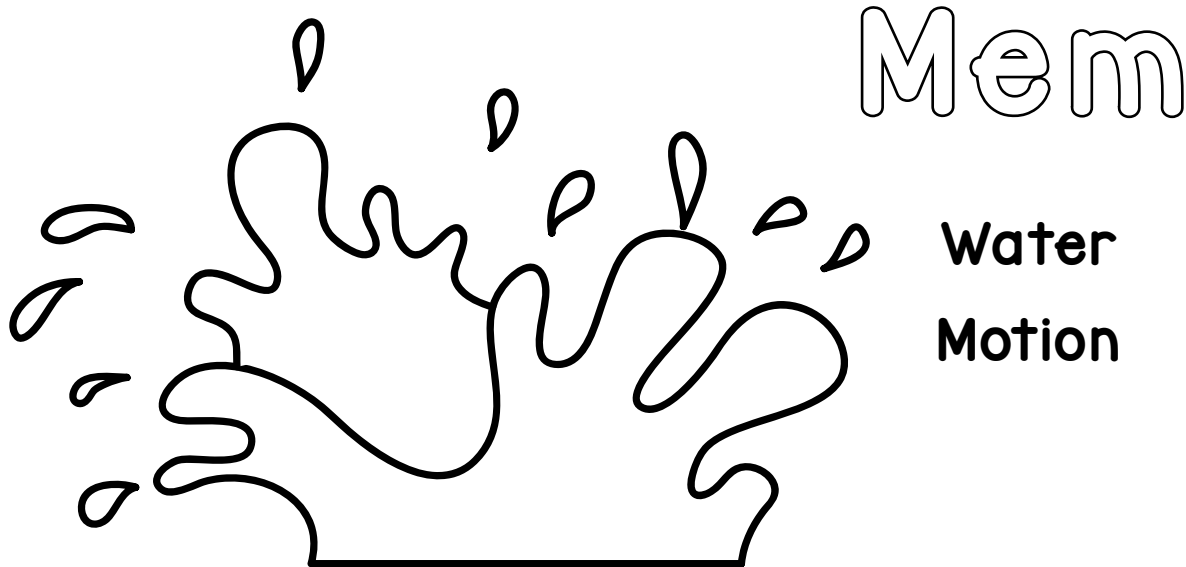
ז

ז

ז

★ Mem ★

Water is a vital part of life. Mem represents water that moves like a river or a stream. It describes the blood that is pumped by our heart to carry important things in our bodies.



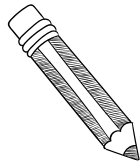
modern



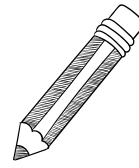
paleo



pictograph



Let's write!



Practice writing these Hebrew letters on the lines below.

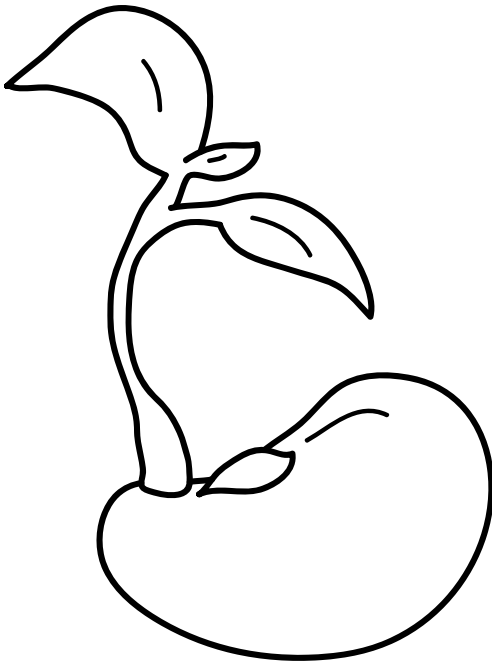
ח

ה

מ

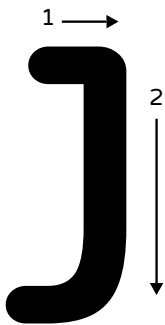
★ Nun ★

Nun means seed and life. Seeds are placed in the ground to grow fruits and vegetables. Seeds also represent people. Seeds and people brought life to generations of Hebrews.

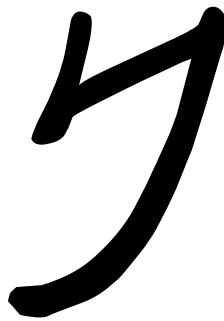


Nun

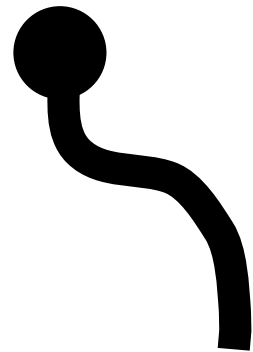
Seed
Activity
Life



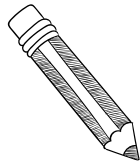
modern



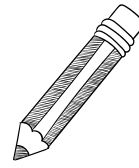
paleo



pictograph



Let's write!



Practice writing these Hebrew letters on the lines below.

י

ך

ן

★ Samech ★

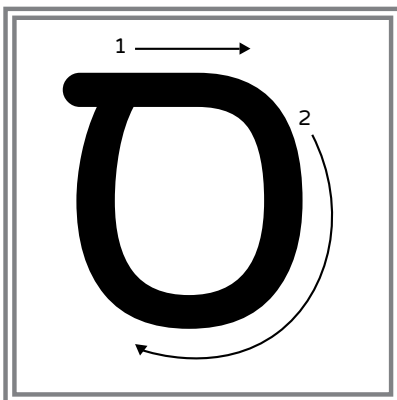
Samech is a thorn. Thorns are pokey. When someone steps on a thorn, it forces them to turn their head.

Thorns were used as fences to protect sheep from predators while they grazed.

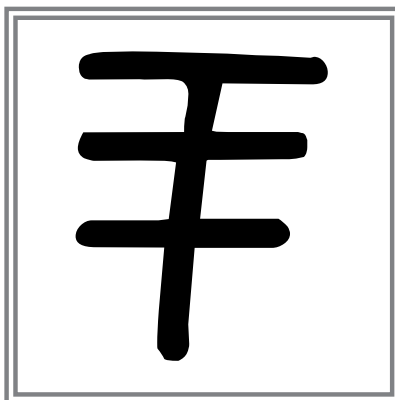


Samech

Thorn
Turn



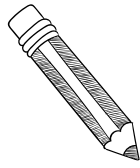
modern



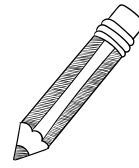
paleo



pictograph



Let's write!



Practice writing these Hebrew letters on the lines below.

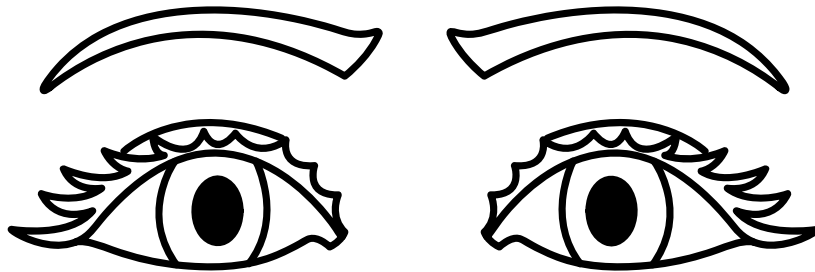
ו

ז

ח

★ Ayin ★

The eye is how we see the world. The eye in Hebrew is represented by one eye. The reason for this is although we have two eyes we only see one picture.

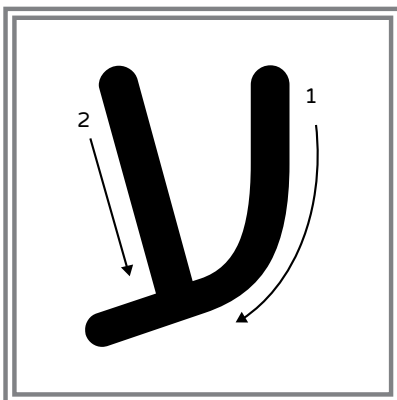


Ayin

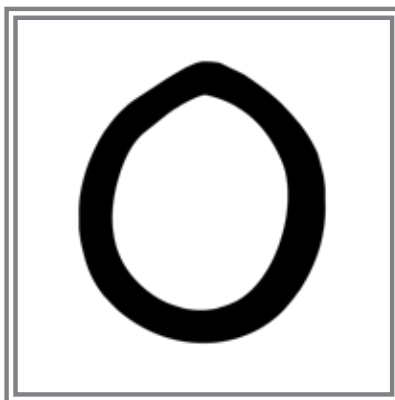
Eye

See

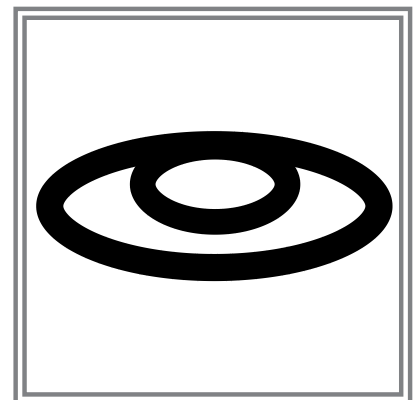
Experience



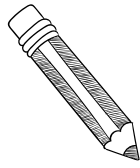
modern



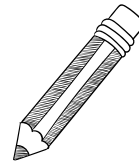
paleo



pictograph



Let's write!



Practice writing these Hebrew letters on the lines below.

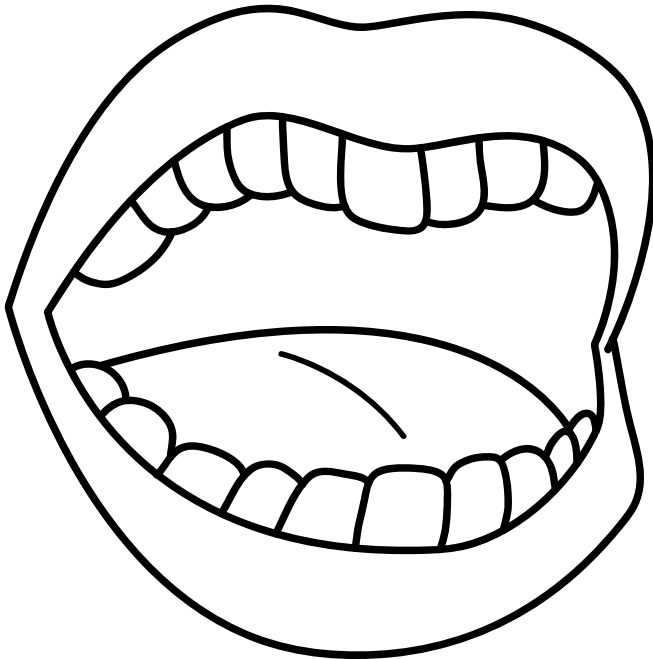
ו

ו

ו

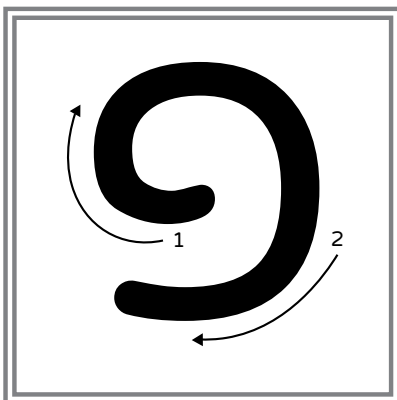
★ Peh ★

The mouth is used to taste and to speak. What we put in our mouths makes our bodies feel better. What we speak out of our mouths should make people feel better.



peh

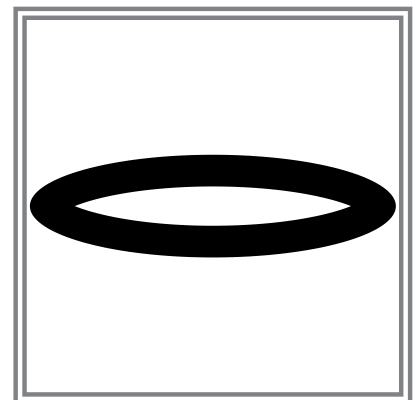
Mouth
Opening
Speak/Blow



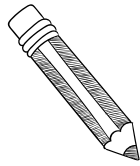
modern



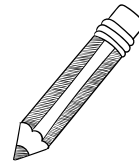
paleo



pictograph



Let's write!



Practice writing these Hebrew letters on the lines below.

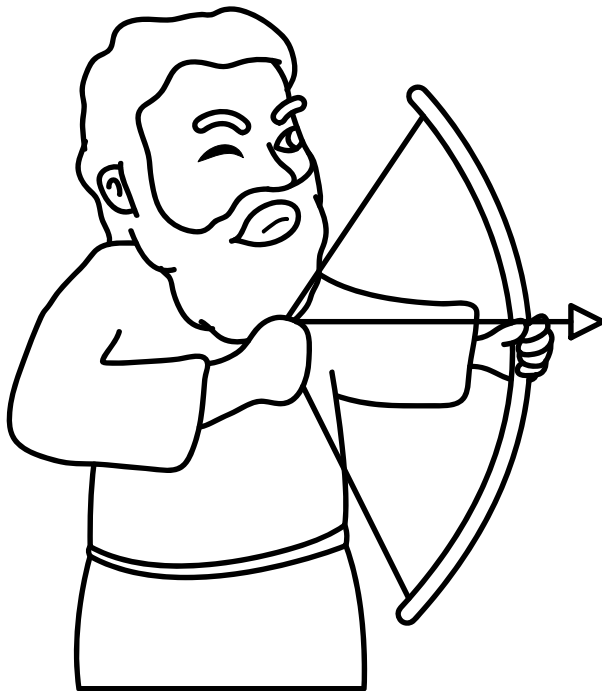
9

7

0

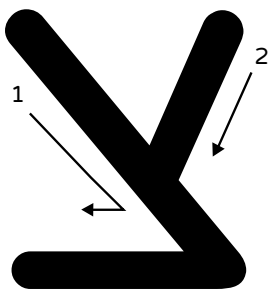
★ Tsadi ★

The Tsadi is a picture of a person who is waiting or hunting.
The hunter needs to hunt to survive. In Hebrew culture,
a person only hunted to live.

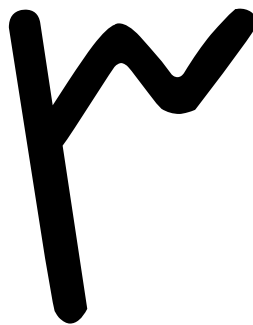


Tsadi

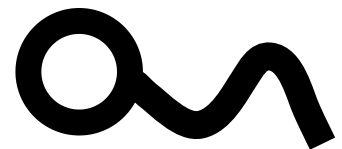
Go after
Need
Hunt



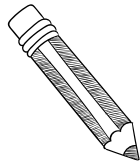
modern



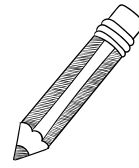
paleo



pictograph



Let's write!



Practice writing these Hebrew letters on the lines below.

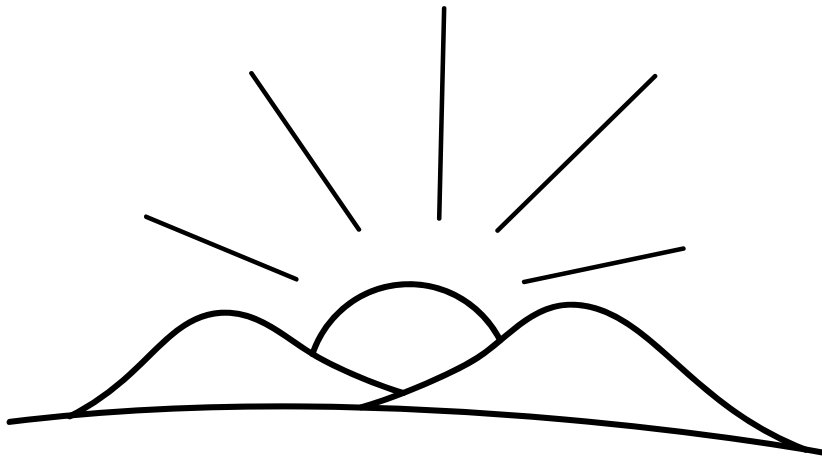
י

כ

א

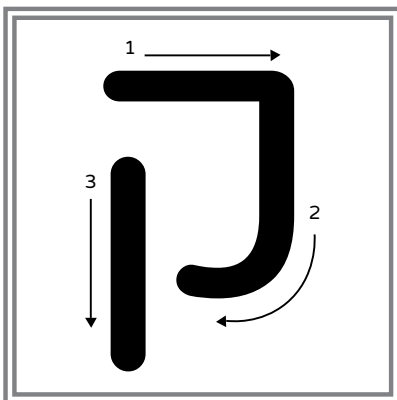
★ Qoph ★

The Qoph is a picture of the sun on the horizon, or gathering of light. A sunset is the gathering of light to one place to tell us that the day has ended.

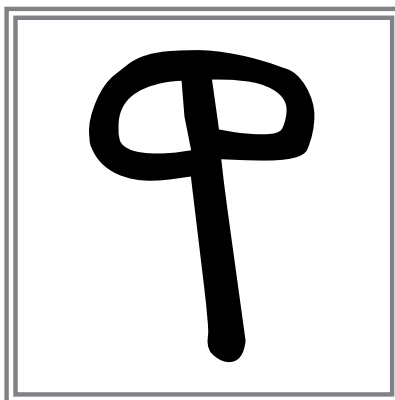


Qoph

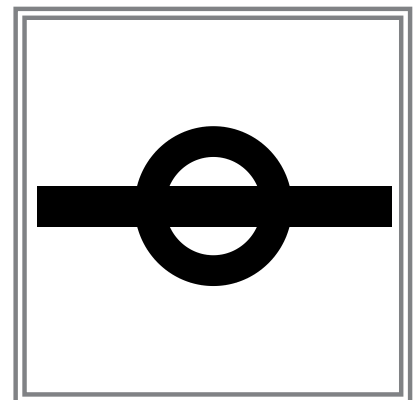
Sunset
Behind
Beyond



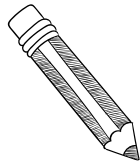
modern



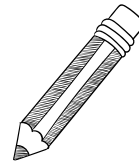
paleo



pictograph



Let's write!



Practice writing these Hebrew letters on the lines below.

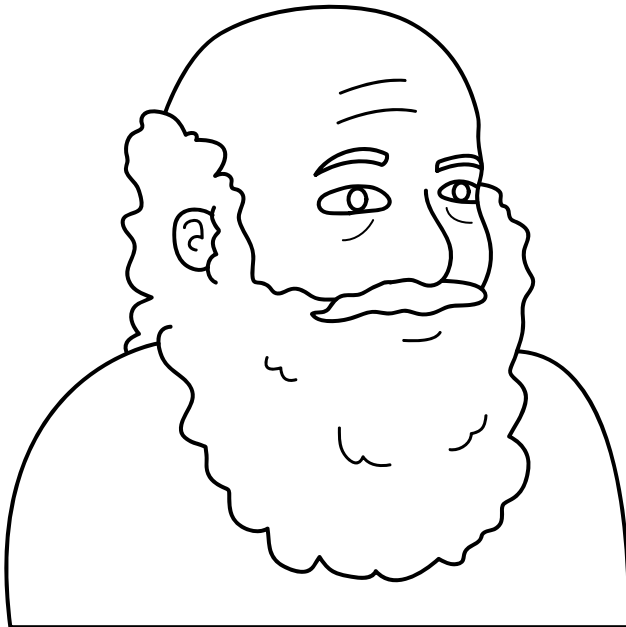
ק

פ

ף

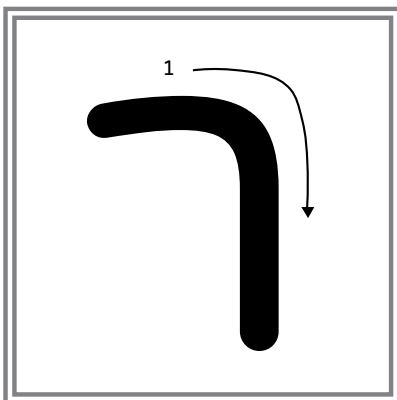
★ Resh ★

The head of a person controls their whole body.
The head is at the top of the body. In Hebrew it can
represent something that is first or at the beginning.

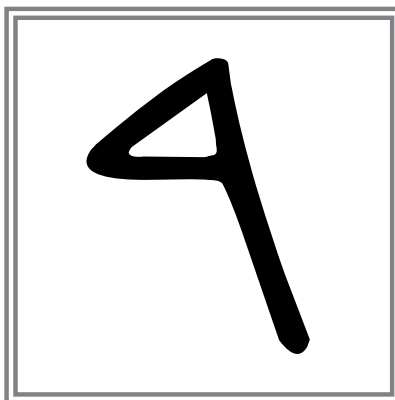


Resh

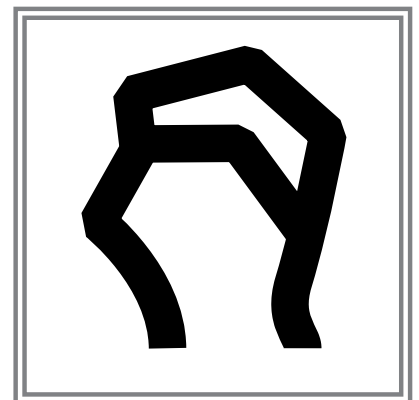
Head
Person
First



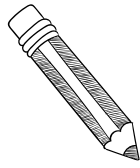
modern



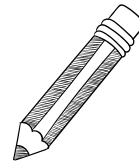
paleo



pictograph



Let's write!



Practice writing these Hebrew letters on the lines below.

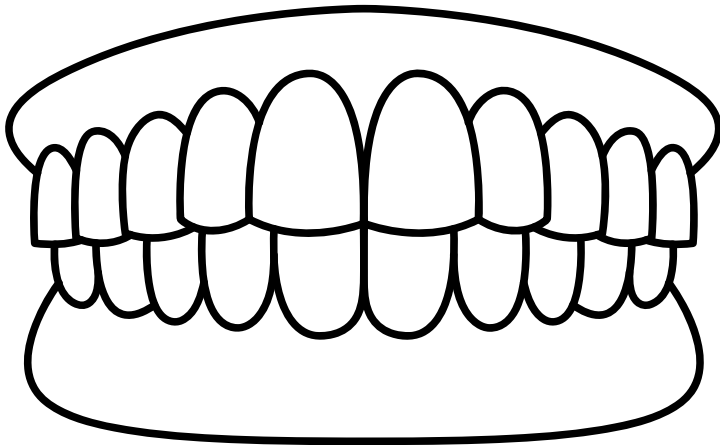
ר

א

ה

★ Shin ★

Teeth are used to separate food. And food is used to feed our bodies so we grow big and strong. Shin is a picture that represents separation and nourishment.

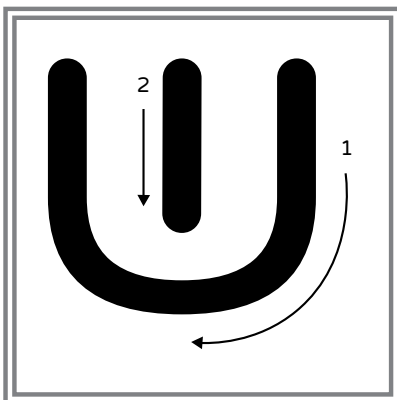


Shin

Eat

Destroy

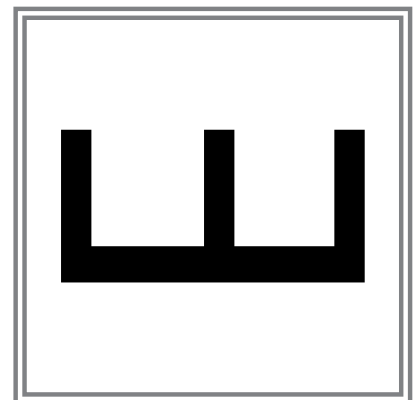
Separate



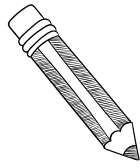
modern



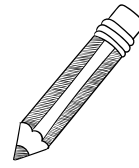
paleo



pictograph



Let's write!



Practice writing these Hebrew letters on the lines below.

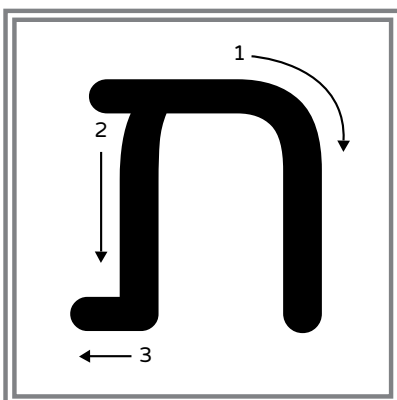
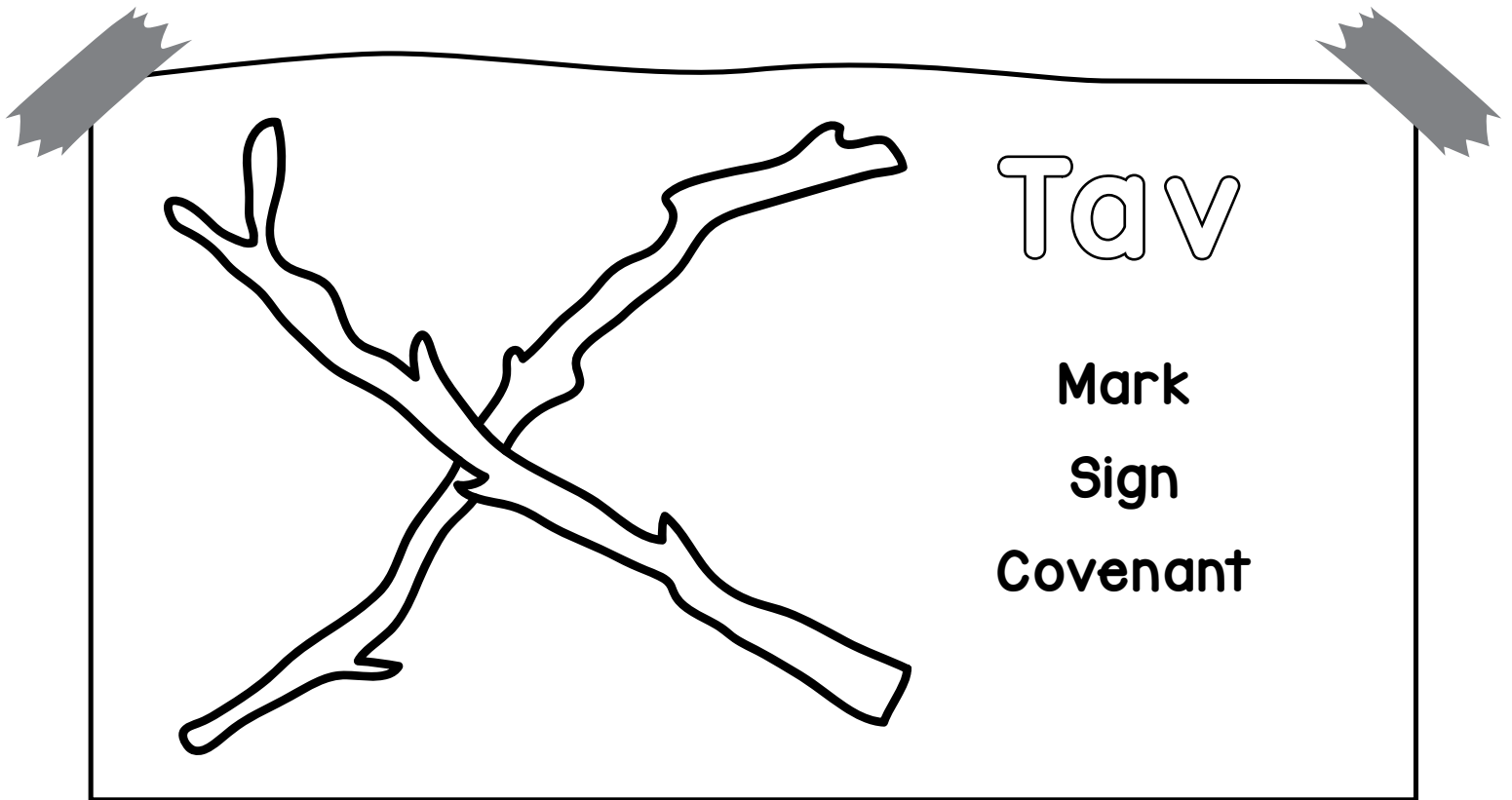
ו

ו

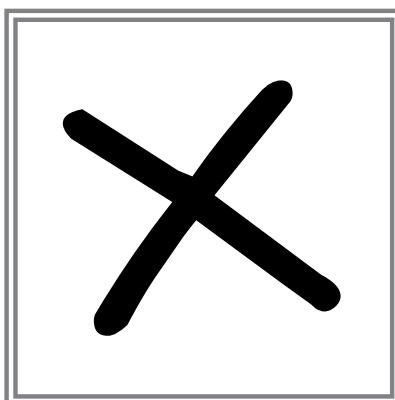
ו

★ Tav ★

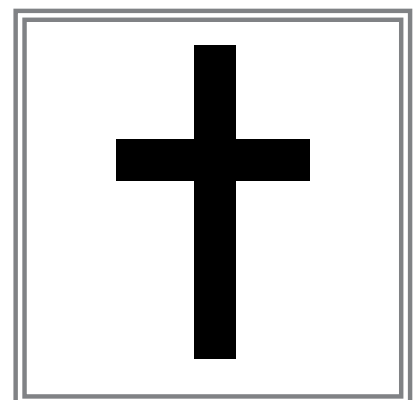
The Tav is a picture of two crossed sticks. The sticks were placed to show a person they had arrived at a special place. The sticks were used as a reminder of an agreement between two people.



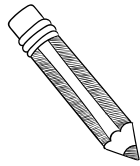
modern



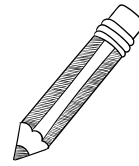
paleo



pictograph



Let's write!



Practice writing these Hebrew letters on the lines below.

ת

ח

ט

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